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# **Book Review. - Literatur**

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## Book Review - Literatur

Full Assurance. By H. A. Ironside. The Bible Institute Colportage Association, Chicago, Ill. 127 pages, 51/4×71/2. Price, 75 cts.

The Cross of Christ. By George P. Pierson. American Tract Society, New York. 173 pages, 5½×7¾. Price, \$1.50.

The Christian Evangel. By John McNicol. American Tract Society, New York. 193 pages, 5½×7¾. Price, \$1.50.

Of these three books, written from the fundamentalist viewpoint, the first is by far the best, in fact, the only one that we can recommend to our pastors. Dr. Ironside's purpose is to give full assurance of salvation to all believers. While a Lutheran would have stressed some points overlooked by the author, there is a truly Biblical, therefore Lutheran, ring to such passages as the following: "Confidence based upon an emotional experience would leave one in utter bewilderment when that emotion passed away. But assurance based upon the Word of God abides, because that Word is unchangeable." (P. 42.) "Faith rests on the naked Word of God." (P. 46.) "No Christian can afford to neglect his Bible. If he does, he will be stunted and dwarfed in his spiritual growth and will be a prey to doubts and fears and may be carried about by every wind of doctrine." (P. 48.) "It is not faith that saves the soul. It is the One whom God has set forth as the object of faith. It is true, we are justified by faith instrumentally, but actually we are justified by His blood. The weakest faith in Jesus saves. The strongest faith in self, or in good works, or in the Church, or in its ordinances leaves you lost and undone still." (P. 108.) On the other hand, the Reformed errors are evident. "God claims one-seventh of man's time." (P. 111.) Baptism is a "figure of salvation." (P.118.) "Predestination means that some day all the redeemed shall become just like the Lord Jesus." (P.94.) How does that agree with page 92, where we read: "We are never told that Christ died for the elect. But what does the Word say? 'Christ died for the ungodly.' Are you ungodly? Then He died for you. Put in your claim and enter into peace"? On page 92 the author follows the Bible; on page 94, his teacher, Calvin. In spite of these and other flaws, which the discerning eye will discover, we can recommend the book to our pastors.

Fundamentalism of an entirely different type is represented by the authors of the other two books. While theoretically basing their presentation on the Bible (McNicol offers a "Scriptural Index" covering seven pages), and while teaching the fundamentals of the Christian religion, these two books breathe the spirit of Calvin, their approach to the Bible is frequently that of rationalizing theologians, and moreover, sad to say, the Cross of Christ is viewed and the Christian Evangel is presented from the standpoint of millennialism and dispensationalism, which obscures the brightness of the Cross and beclouds its glorious message. Our expectations raised by the beautiful titles were sadly disappointed on reading the contents.

The Triune God. By C. Norman Bartlett, S. T. D., professor in the National Bible Institute of New York. American Tract Society, New York. 194 pages, 5½×7¾. Price, \$1.50.

About the Old Faith. The Important Truths of the Christian Faith. By Henry W. Frost. Fleming H. Revell Co., New York. 128 pages, 51/4×734. Price, \$1.25.

These two popular theological works demonstrate the newly awakened interest of large numbers in the Christian faith, which now is being studied with new vigor after Modernism has proved its utter futility to provide anything that satisfies the religious cravings of men. The pendulum is swinging back to the right, and books setting forth the old faith are again being published and read. The first volume presents in simple language the doctrine of the Holy Trinity; but the author does not throughout adhere to the Biblical teachings on the Trinity. The book is in fact full of errors, and big ones at that, such as subordinationism, kenoticism, etc. The author speaks of the "necessitation of the Trinity," which, if duly pressed, presupposes a pantheistic view of God. He unduly limits the Father when he declares that God in Christ is omnipresent in the universe through the Holy Spirit. He holds that all three persons participated in the incarnation, though Scripture teaches the very opposite. In short, the volume is not a safe guide, and we regret that the American Tract Society has lent it its prestige and backing; for many who hope to find the true doctrine of the Holy Trinity in it will be deceived. Perhaps the outstanding fault of the monograph is that it does not furnish Scripture proof for its several views, but demands that its readers receive them as true upon the mere statement of the author. - Frost's About the Old Faith is a popular presentation of the chief teachings of the Christian faith adapted to the comprehension of the youthful reader. Unfortunately it, too, contains many false teachings. The doctrine regarding the Sacraments is utterly inadequate in its treatment and very misleading. The writer holds that "evolution is an undeniable fact," though he means theistic evolution, which, however, is as little of a fact as is atheistic evolution. Very strongly he urges millennialism and dispensationalism and with it hosts of other errors and inaccuracies. He believes that demons are not fallen angels, but belong in a class by themselves. Were they evil ab ortu? "No," answers the author, for God created all creatures good. But why, then, are they not fallen angels? He does not say. He knows various ends of the world: the end of the present age, the end of the millennial age. Hence it is very apparent that also Frost's About the Old Faith is not a safe guide for our American youth; for much of what it contains is not Scripture doctrine, but vain speculation, which has its source in the ignorant reason of man. J. T. MUELLER

Der Dienst ber Kirche an ber heutigen Menschheit. Anregungen zum Nachbenten für die christlichen Weltkonserenzen 1937 und 1938. Bon Prof. D. Julius Richter. Berlag von E. Bertelsmann, Gütersloh. 115 Seiten 6×9. Preis, fartoniert: M. 3.

D. Richter, "ber feit einem Menschenalter im internationalen Diffionsleben fteht und fich mit ben Gubrern ber meiften evangelischen Länder in Freunbschaft

berbunden weiß, will in biefem Buchlein unter bem Gefichtspuntt Rirche, Staat und Bolt bie bergeitige Lage ber ebangelifchen Rirche auf bem Erbenrund fachlich barftellen und einem weiteren Rreis nachbentlicher Lefer bie großen und mannig: fachen Probleme ber heutigen Beltlage nahebringen' ". Er darafterifiert bie berfdiebenen Beltreligionen, bie verfchiebenen Spfteme ber Philosophie (wir lefen ba: "Belde Antworten geben bie Philosophien auf bie brei großen Lebensrätfel Bufall, Tob und Gemiffen? Rach einem jahrhundertelangen, angeftrengten, oft leibenschaftlichen Forschen nach einer soliben philosophischen Weltanschauung hat unfer Gefchlecht ben Berfuch in Bergiveiflung faft aufgegeben", G. 24), Die ber: fciebenen Boller und beren Regierungsformen, unterfucht bie Begriffe Bollstum, Raffe (wir lefen ba: "Bon Ewigfeit und Reinheit irgendwelcher Raffen fann man alfo nur in rhetorifcher übertreibung reben; benn felbft bie 50 Prozent Rorbifer in Deutschland bestehen ichon aus zwei Raffen" ufm., G. 87), bas Ber: haltnis bon Rirche und Staat (wir lefen ba: "Gine Trennung bon Rirche und Staat will in firchlichen Rreifen niemanb; aber jeber ift entichloffen, biefen fomeren Beg ju gehen, wenn er glaubt, fich überzeugen ju muffen, bag nur auf biefem Bege bas reine Evangelium gu erhalten ift." - "Sier find neue Grengregulierungen erforberlich, und fie muffen bon beiben Seiten (bon Rirche und Staat) unter ehrlicher Anerlennung ihres Gigenrechtes gefucht werben", S. 76-79) und die fpezififden Brobleme ber Diffionspragis - bas alles unter bem Gefichts: puntt bes bon Gott ber Rirche auferlegten Dienftes an ber heutigen Menfcheit. Es finden fich hier biele treffliche Erörterungen. Der theologische Standpuntt Richters ift aber ber mobernspositive. Und bie mobernspositive Richtung verbietet unter anberm, in betreff ber Lehrunterichiebe eine positibe Stellung gu nehmen. So weht in unferm Buchlein ber unionistische Beift. Bir treffen fogar auf Diefen Musfpruch: "Das Berhaltnis von Chriftentum und Islam ift bon Anfang an unfreundlich gewesen. Die beiben Religionen find nabe Bermanbte, und, wie fo oft, ift ber bag swifden Gefdwiftern am bitterften." (S. 35.) Der unioniftifchen Anschauung entspringen auch diese Gedanten: "Die una sancta hat nie existiert." Bir muffen barum "um bie Bollenbung ber una sancta, ,ber einen beiligen allgemeinen Rirche', ringen". "In ber Theologie ber Reformationsfirchen ift Gewicht auf ben Unterschied ber fichtbaren und ber unfichtbaren Rirche gelegt. Praftifch ift mit jenem Unterschied nicht viel angufangen." (S. 57-67.) Ber nicht an die Unfichtbarfeit ber Rirche glaubt, wird die Ginheit und Ginigfeit - bie ja ein Attribut ber heiligen driftlichen Rirche ift - auf unioniftischem Bege herzustellen fuchen. Der modern-positive Theolog hat befanntlich auch ber Lehre bon ber wortlichen Inspiration ber Beiligen Schrift abgefagt. Go rebet auch D. Richter bon "einer fo gufällig gufammengewürfelten Sammlung ber neuteftas mentlichen Schriften", entftanben aus "ben Glaubensüberzeugungen ber aboftos lifden Gemeinben", babon, baß "bie Jubenchriften ber heibenschriftlichen Rirche das faft ausschließlich bon ihnen geschriebene Reue Teftament übermacht haben" und bag "bas Alte Teftament bie Literaturgefchichte bes israelitifch-jubifchen Bolles in fehr berichiebener religiöfer bobenlage ift". (6.44. 46. 57.) Th. Engelber

Natürliche Theologie und theofratische Schwärmerei bei Melanchthon. Bon Friedrich Hübner, Pastor, lie. theol. Berlag von C. Bertelsmann, Gütersloh. 1936. 152 Seiten 6½×9½. Preiß, fartoniert: M. 4.50.

In biefer Schrift — einer unter ber Leitung Berner Glerts gefchriebenen Differtation — wird untersucht, ob und inwieweit bie Theologie bes natürlichen

Menfchen - bie Theologie ber Bernunft und bes Gefetes - bie Theologie Melandthons beeinflußt hat. "Bon einer natürlichen Theologie rationaler Art, bon einer apologetifden Berfürzung ber Beilsbotichaft bes Changeliums tann bei Melanchthon nicht gerebet merben" (S. 74. 121. 142). Beboch "icheint Melanchs thon bie Seilige Schrift und ihren Lehrgehalt burch bernunftige Ermagungen ftugen und fichern gu wollen". Er gebraucht g. B. Argumente ber Apologetit, "ut firmissima assensione doctrinam ecclesiae amplectamur" (6.11 f.). — Gerner, finden fich bei Delanchthon Unfage gur "theofratifden Schwarmereis? "Muf Grund ber mittelalterlichen theofratifden Gebantengange bahnte fich auch bei Delandthon eine ahnliche Ausweitung bes Rirchenbegriffes an. Staat unb Rirche blieben gwar immer reguliert nebeneinanber. Aber im Grunbe war ber Staat um ber Rirche willen ba und empfing bon ihr feine Bflichten" (5. 110). Unter "theofratifcher Schwarmerei" berfteht aber Lic. Subner auch biefes, "bas man aus bem Glauben ein Schauen machen möchte" (S. 7), und biefes Bemühen ift nichts anderes als ein Ausflug ber "natürlichen Theologie". In Diefer Bers bindung fommt ber Synergismus Melandthons gur Sprache (S. 131-135). "Die Lehre bom freien Billen war möglich geworben burch bas Dogma, bag in Bott feine wiberfprechenben Billen angenommen werben burfen" (biefen einleis tenben Cat würben wir etwas anbers formulieren), "Cum promissio sit universalis nec sint in Deo contradictoriae voluntates, necesse est in nobis esse aliquam discriminis causam, cur Saul abiiciatur, David recipiatur; id est, necesse est aliquam esse actionem dissimilem in his duobus'. Sier wird aus bem ebangelifchen Afpett bes gnabigen Gottes, an beffen Ber: heißungen wir uns zu halten haben, die logifche Folgerung gezogen, bag . . . im Menfchen felbft ein Grund für feine Berbammung ober Erret: tung liegen muß. Das nennen wir Synergismus." "Darum fann auch bie bon Luther fo leibenichaftlich angegriffene Definition bes Grasmus gebilligt mers ben: ,Liberum arbitrium in homine facultatem esse applicandi se ad gratiam, id est, audit promissionem et assentiri conatur et abiicit peccata contra conscientiam. . . . Alle von uns bei Melanchthon als gefährlich anges beuteten Bunfte find in Urt. II ber Formula Concordiae gur Sprache gelom: men und entweber bermorfen ober richtiggeftellt worden. Delanchthon entging nur mit Rot ber namentlichen Rennung als fpnergiftifcher Jrrichrer." Auch über ben Bert ber Apologetit, bas Berhaltnis ber Philosophie und Bernunft gur Theologie und bie Bermifchung bon Rirche und Staat bietet biefe Schrift merts bolle Erörterungen. Th. Engelber

Varieties of Christian Experience. By Sverre Norborg. Published by Augsburg Publishing House, Minneapolis, Minn. 289 pages, 6×84. Price, \$2.50.

Dr. Sverre Norborg is a lecturer at the University of Minnesota and a member of the faculty of Augsburg Theological Seminary, Minneapolis, Minn. He is a brilliant student in the field of the philosophy of religion and a forceful writer. The present series of lectures represents, in effect, a review of Varieties of Religious Experience, by William James, which, thirty-five years ago, caused such a great stir in academic circles. The author, according to his own thesis, raises the problem of the psychic uniqueness of Christian experience and attempts to show the definite difference between Christian faith and Christian experience. (Italics those of the author.) The study is certainly thorough, taking

up all the questions which at the present time are agitating the minds of men with reference to psychology and personality, the Christian experience, the reality of God, and various pathological aspects connected with the religious life of people. The author makes an analysis of human personality and behavior along scientific lines, with frequent reference to statements taken from the Bible. Some of his sentences are truly epigrammatic, as when he states: "Scientifically, this means the end of the myth of mechanistic evolutionism, the fancy of mechanistic biology and psychology." (P. 44.) "We shall meet the Freudian and pseudo-Freudian libertinists with a firm protest against their materialistic dogmatism, their unrealistic, inflamed sensualism, their immoral lack of ethical challenge and norms." (P. 65.) There are many searching statements and questions pertaining to the work of the pastor in his cure of souls, which alone ought to induce many pastors to study the book. But we cannot agree with the author in his evident admiration for Karl Barth; for he was not the rediscoverer of Luther's real theology. Nor can we follow the author in his insistence on making conversion a longdrawn-out affair, unless he definitely includes the antecedent acts of God's providence. Conversion, in the strict Biblical sense of the term, is always instantaneous, a change from darkness to light, from death to life. Cp. Concordia Theol. Monthly, I, 561-570. 804-810. P. E. Kretzmann

The Creed of Jesus. A Study of the Pearl of Prayers. By George Dorn.
The Lutheran Literary Board, Burlington, Iowa. 111 pages, 6×9.
Price, \$1.00. May be ordered through Concordia Publishing House,
3558 S. Jefferson Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Dorn is pastor of the Hollywood Lutheran Church (U. L. C. A.), Hollywood, Cal., and these addresses expounding the Lord's Prayer are a direct outgrowth of his parish work. The title may seem somewhat strange, and the author says concerning it: "The title The Creed of Jesus may seem a little out of place when applied to Jesus. These few brief sentences give us a marvelous insight into His philosophy of life. It is therefore peculiarly appropriate to use this title. It is doctrinally all-comprehensive." (P. 4.) Since every pastor is obliged to deal with the Lord's Prayer so frequently in his catechetical work, in sermons, and in pastoral administrations, he will welcome every exposition of it that may give him further thoughts and keep him from going stale. This treatment will be of value, chiefly because of its many new viewpoints, many of which were suggested by Luther's Large Catechism. Only rarely will the reader find reasons to disagree with the author, as when he states (p.51): "The way to the millennium is along the path of obedience." The printing and binding of the book are neatly done. P. E. KRETZMANN

Concerning the Ministry. By John Oman. Harper & Brothers, New York. 180 pages, 534×834. Price, \$2.25.

This book, in twenty-two chapters, covers a wide field of a minister's work. It says many good things in a good way. Much in the book makes real worth-while reading. Any pastor will be benefited by it. The author's style is unique but attractive. It is well that the book contains little theology, for its theology is bad.

J. H. C. Farrz

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When Death Speaks. Ten Meditations on the Life Eternal. By H.Reed Shepfer. The Lutheran Literary Board, Burlington, Iowa. 103 pages, 6×9. Price, \$1.00. May be ordered through Concordia Publishing House, 3558 S. Jefferson Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

The author of these addresses is pastor of Grace Lutheran Church (U.L.C.A.), Rochester, Pa., and these messages were delivered in his own work. Their titles are significant: When Death Speaks; How Jesus Faced Death; What Is Death?; When Jesus Spoke of Death; Our Hope of Immortality; When Shadows Fall; Faith which Waits; Adventuring with God; At Eventide There Shall Be Light; Recognition in Heaven. The addresses are not expository, the texts being usually one or more brief statements of Scripture; but they are truly devotional and evangelical, with many quotations from the Church's treasures of hymnody. The pastor who has many funeral sermons to preach will find these addresses very stimulating.

P. E. Kretzmann

Personal Christianity. By W. T. Conner, Ph. D., D. D., Zondervan Publishing House, Grand Rapids, Mich. 101 pages, 5¼×8½. Price, \$1.00.

Dr. Conner is professor of Systematic Theology in Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary, Seminary Hill, Tex., and is definitely a Fundamentalist in his theology. The fourteen addresses here offered are thoroughly evangelical, even if the texts are usually so brief as to preclude expository work. There is no effort at oratory, but every address presents some Scriptural truth in a simple way, with clear illustrations and definite applications. This is seen even from a list of the subjects treated: Faith in God; Repentance; Jesus the Bread of Life; The Vision of Faith; What Is Prayer?; Praying in the Name of Jesus; Assurance of Salvation; The Sealing of the Spirit; The Christian's Ideal; The Urgency of Life's Mission; Paul's Master Passion; The Supreme Good; Paul's Cure for Worry; The Power of the Spirit. A few statements in the book seem to point to Arminian thinking, as when the author says (p. 70): "God gives righteousness of character, but He gives it only to those who are willing to go through fire to attain it." If a Lutheran pastor desires a sample of good evangelical preaching in another denomination, this book will give him the information.

P. E. KRETZMANN

Jewels of Promise. By W. M. Seay, D. D., Th. D. Broadman Press, Nashville, Tenn. 151 pages, 51/4×73/4. Price, \$1.00.

The Rev. W. M. Seay is pastor of a Baptist church in South Carolina, and he as well as the Broadman Press belong to the Southern Baptist Convention. These facts explain the religious background of Jewels of Promise, which present eighteen brief sermons of a devotional nature, based upon Scripture-texts that hold out special divine promises to God's saints, e.g., the "Promise of Cleansing from all Sin," the "Promise of Satan's Defeat," the "Promise of the Comforter." The author himself describes the purpose of the book when he says: "These sermons, taken for the most part from the Psalms, are an earnest attempt to apply in the name of Christ "the balm of Gilead' to wounded and stricken souls and to comfort the people of God." We see in this book, with its simple

Christian faith so nobly stressed, a new proof of the power of the divine Word to preserve faith in times of rationalism and atheism; for only sincere Christians can write, or demand for study, such books as Jewels of Promise.

J. T. MUELLER

Heaven. By George Beiderwieden. Concordia Publishing House, St. Louis, Mo. 1937. 32 pages. Price, 25 cts.

A beautiful booklet, giving Scriptural answer to the questions: What is heaven? Where is heaven? What kind of place is heaven? Who is in heaven? Will our bodies be in heaven? What kind of bodies shall we have in heaven? Shall we know one another in heaven? Will there be any evil in heaven? What are the outstanding joys in heaven? How do we get to heaven? What is meant by the degrees and differences in heaven?—It will be welcomed by pastors, who may use it or recommend it as a gift to those who mourn the loss of a loved one.

THEO. HOYER

Daily Food for Christians. For every day of the year. A. J. Holman Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 192 pages, 5×2¾. In red, blue, brown, and black leather bindings. Price, 50 cts.

This little book of daily devotions is small enough to be carried in a vest-pocket or ladies' purse. It contains a suitable Bible-passage, a hymn-verse, and a closing Bible-passage; one set of these for every day of the year, from January 1 to December 31. Though the selections stand in no relation to the ecclesiastical year, except incidentally, they seem to be well chosen and are excellent seed-grains for profitable daily meditations.

W. G. Polack

The Psychology of Dealing with People. By Wendell White, Ph. D. The Macmillan Company, New York. 256 pages, 5½×8. Price, \$2.50. May be ordered through Concordia Publishing House, 3558 S. Jefferson Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

No pastor can learn too well the art of dealing with people, of studying their personalities and characteristics, and of practising true leadership. The understanding and tactfulness which are required for this part of pastoral work are very ably discussed in this book, although it is intended for leaders in various professions. The book is very practical throughout, the author suggesting dozens of statements which may be used in approaching others for the sake of enlisting their cooperation in any cause. Some of the chapters are truly fascinating, as the headings show: Presenting One's Ideas Indirectly; Designating an Act as Creditable or Discreditable; Removing Objectionable Ideas Inoffensively; Preventing Wrong-doing; Preventing Peculiar Behavior; Furthering Mental Health. The book will prove most profitable reading, and we venture to say most men who read it once will want to study it more thoroughly.

P. E. Kretzmann

#### BOOKS RECEIVED

From the W. A. Wilde Company, Boston, Mass.:

The Christian Gentleman. By William H. Ridgway. 143 pages, 54×74. Price, \$1.25.

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From the Abingdon Press, New York, Cincinnati, Chicago:

The Laughing Valley and Other Story Sermons for Children. By Virginia Greene Milliken. 202 pages, 5×7½. Price, \$1.50.

What Jesus Means to Me. By Raymond Calkins. 53 pages, 54×74. Price, 35 cts.

Rule of the Road. By Anne Byrd Payson. 244 pages, 5×7½. Price, \$1.50.

The Art of Living. By Norman Vincent Peale. 144 pages, 5×7½. Price, \$1.00.

From Fleming H. Revell Company, New York, London, and Edinburgh: Children's Everyland Story-Sermons. By Hugh Thomson Kerr. 185 pages, 5×7½. Price, \$1.50.

From Harper & Brothers, New York:

Fraternal Sermons and Addresses. By G.B.F. Hallock, D.D. 259 pages, 5×7½.

Die Monatsschrift "Luthertum" bringt in ber Juninummer einen sehr ans regenden Artisel von D. hermann Steinlein-Ansbach über das Thema "Luther und das Alte Testament", den man wirklich mit Genuß liest. Dieser Artisel sommt in der Julinummer zum Abschluß. Andere Artisel in der Juninummer sind Mbschluß. Andere Artisel in der Juninummer sind "Kirche, Post und Staat" von D. Theophil Beher und die Kandbemerkungen von D. Hans Schomerus. Im Julibest ist ein Artisel, "Unsere Gemeinden und die Kirchengeschichte" von Lie. Otto Aust-Breslau, wertvoll wegen der praktischen Winke, die darin enthalten sind. Hes der "Theologie der Gegenwart" bespricht Reuerscheinungen auf dem Gediet der Religionsgeschichte und der Kuseren Misson

Die Augustnummer von Luthertum bringt einen längeren Artifel von D. Erdmann SchottsGreifswald über "Kirchenleitung nach evangelischem Bersftändnis", der sich auch bemüht, die theologische Bedeutung dieser Frage in den Bordergrund zu stellen. Hans Lauerers-Renendettelsau behandelt "IGsu Stellung zu den menschlichen Gemeinschaften". Das Juli-Augustheft von Theologie der Gegenwart behandelt Reuerscheinungen auf dem Gebiete des Alten Testaments.

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