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Book Review. - Literatur

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Book Review. - Literatur.

Biblia Hebraica. Adiuvantibus W. Baumgartner, G. Beer, I. A. Bewer, I. Begrich, F. Buhl, I. Hempel, F. Horst, M. Noth, O. Procksch, G. Quell, Th. H. Robinson, W. Rudolph, H. H. Schaeder edidit Rud. Kittel. Textum Masoreticum curavit P. Kahle. Editionem tertiam denuo elaboratam ad finem perduxerunt A. Alt et O. Eissfeldt. Prisbilegierte Württembergische Bibelanstalt. Stuttgart.

Seit unfern früheren Ungeigen (Bebre und Bebre, 74, 21, 151; C. T. M., 1, 392. 712) find acht weitere Lieferungen ber neuen Musgabe bon Rittels ausgezeichneter hebraifcher Bibel erfchienen. Bebe biefer Lieferungen tann einzeln bezogen werben, ober man fann auf bas gange Bert fubifribieren. Quell hat Grobus und Leviticus bearbeitet (111 Seiten), Rittel Die Bucher Samuelis (97 Ceiten) und jum Teil bie Bucher ber Ronige (108 Geiten), Rubolph Beremias (107 Seiten), Bewer Befetiel (85 Seiten), Brodich Die gwölf fleinen Bropheten (83 Seiten), Beer Siob und Spruche (91 Seiten); und Die funf fogenannten Degilloth (Buchrollen) find verteilt worben, Ruth und Rlagelieber an Robinfon, Sobeslied und Brediger an Sorft und Efther an ben ingwifden berftorbenen Buhl (60 Geiten). Der Berausgeber Rittel, ber befannte Leipziger Profeffor bes Alten Teftaments (nicht zu berwechfeln mit feinem Cohne Gerharb Rittel, bem Tübinger Brofeffor bes Reuen Teftaments und Berausgeber bes großen Borterbuchs zum Reuen Teftament), ift felbft auch ingwifden geftorben, und nach feinem Tobe mußte bie Berausgabe in anbere Sanbe gelegt werben. Sie wurde bon Alt und Gigfelbt übernommen, und Rable bleibt nach wie bor in feiner Stellung als Beforger bes mafforetifden Tertes. Die neuen Berausgeber betradten es jeboch als ihre Aufgabe, bem Gefamtwert ben Charafter gu mabren, ben es nach bem Plan feines Begrunbers haben follte. Es befteht in ber gefamten miffenschaftlichen Welt fein Zweifel barüber, bag bies bei weitem bie befte hebraifche Bibelausgabe ift. Wir haben unfere hebraifchen Studien mit ber alten Sahnichen Ausgabe begonnen und gingen bann bald über gu Stier und Theiles Polyglotten: bibel, weil es fo bequem ift, immer ben Text ber Geptuaginta und Bulgata neben bem hebraifchen Tert gu haben. Aber feit bem erften Ericheinen Diefer Rittelichen Musgabe ift fie uns ein unentbehrliches Rachichlagewert wegen ber forgfältigen Tertgeftalt und bes außerorbentlich wertvollen tritifchen Apparats; und bagu ift nun biefe britte Ausgabe im Untericieb bon ber erften und zweiten fo fcon und flar gebrudt, bag wir ihr nichts ahnliches an bie Seite fegen tonnen. Die Dit= arbeiter find lauter befannte altteftamentliche Gelehrte ber Gegenwart, unter ihnen ber Englander Ih. S. Robinfon und ber Amerifaner 3. S. Bewer bom Union Seminary in Rem Jorf. Die fritischen Unfichten biefer Forfcher tommen bei biefem Werte nicht in Betracht und üben feinen Ginflug aus. Befonbers wertvoll ift aud, bag in jeber einzelnen Lieferung nicht nur ein Bergeichnis ber im fritis fden Apparat gebrauchten Abfürzungen fich finbet, fonbern auch ein Berzeichnis und eine Ertfarung ber mafforetifden Termini auf einer befonbern Rarte. Das gange Wert in feiner neuen Auflage ift ein Monumentalwert, und bie Privilegierte Burttembergifche Bibelanftalt berbient ben Dant aller Theologen, bag fie wieber ein foldes Wert ohne Rudficht auf bie großen Berftellungstoften gu einem fo ans nehmbaren Preife barbietet. Denn jebe Lieferung toftet fartoniert (7×10 30ll 154

groß) nur 1.50 Reichsmart. Und feit September haben alle beutschen Berieger ben Preis ihrer Bucher, wenn fie ins Ausland geben, um 25 Prozent erniebrigt wegen ber befannten Entwertung bes ameritanifden Dollars im Beltmartt.

Q. Fürbringer.

The Venture of Belief. A Letter from N. S. D. to T. H. S. With Introduction by Samuel M. Shoemaker. Fleming H. Revell Company, New York. 54 pages, 5×71/2. Price, \$1.00.

The author of this "letter" does not care to identify himself beyond the bare initials which he supplies; for not his own identity should be remembered, but the message which he offers, the "convincing proof that modern intellectuals need God and can find Him," as S. M. Shoemaker of the Calvary Rectory, New York City, declares in his Foreword. But it is Buchmanism, which is here held forth, and Buchmanism, advanced not in learned theological parlance, but in brief, simple, practical applications of its basic principles, which do not conform to the standards of Christian faith, but represent a neopagan, naturalistic system of faith. The writer defines religion "as a man's personal adjustment to the universe," his "attempt to give to life an intelligible unity, a satisfactory explanation of its meaning, and a rational objective to which he may confidently aspire (p.11). Hence religion principally belongs in the sphere of this present life, it being the "universal explanation which man needs to understand life and to steer his course wisely" (p. 13). In this process, reason plays a predominant role. "Religion must conform to the test of what is reasonable" (p. 16). "Evils, cruelties, and base injustice have come because of the insufficiency of human reason; we are so stupid!" (p. 50). Religion, however, is founded upon, and drawn from, the religious experience of men, and of these the irreducible minimum is the "certainty of the presence of God in this universe" (p. 24). A person desiring to know the religious experience "must first desire to have it" (p. 25). For this purpose a "decision" is required, the "willingness to make the great venture of faith" (p. 26); and this, again, must culminate in "surrender," a "readiness to listen to God and let Him take command" (p. 29). "Surrender," however, demands "the expulsion of all conscious sin," it being the "abject capitulation of pride, wilfulness, selfishness, the abandonment of all deceptions, of all that is unclean" (p. 33). The writer says of himself: "Once contact was established with God, He gave me not only the power to overcome conscious sin, but He revealed, and keeps on revealing, further sins to be conquered" (p. 33). "Surrender" furthermore means to "deal drastically with sin"; and to accomplish that, the venturer must "share his sins completely with some one in whom he has confidence" (p. 33). "What we call repentance is the logical result of our facing sin squarely and hating it" (p. 34). "Surrender" also demands that we "do God's will"; and what the will of God is he will know "who listens to Him" or who "synchronizes his thoughts with God's" (p. 38). The man who thus lives close to God "will act like Christ" (p. 49). The supreme virtue to be sought is love, whose "highest expression is in the love which Christ experienced and revealed" (p. 53). "The Church is a holy place for worship, for communion, for the apprehension of the deeper spiritual values, for the revelation of

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God's purposes and power, and for a real fellowship, that makes a man much more effective as a citizen and social reformer" (p. 50).

Such is the theology of the new "venture of belief," fostered by Buchmanism. Intellectuals may be gained "for God and religion" by this theology. but not for the God of the Bible nor for the religion of Jesus Christ and His Gospel. It is a "venture of belief" without the Holy Scriptures for its source and rule, without any distinction between Law and Gospel, without any idea whatever of the holiness of God and the "terribleness" of sin, without any regard for the need of the divine-human Savior and His vicarious atonement, without any knowledge and appreciation of the means of grace, the work of the Holy Ghost, without whom no man can call Christ Lord. It is pharisaic in its scope and aim, naturalistic in its underlying principles, modernistic in its rejection of Christian theology. Its Christ is only an example, a teacher by example; its hope, only a deeper valuation of the values of this life. The book has been written to win unbelievers back to religion, but its religion leaves the sinner without God and without hope. J. T. MUELLER.

Release. By Fredrik A. Schiotz. Augsburg Publishing House, Minneapolis, Minn. 167 pages, 5×7%. Price, \$1.00.

The Oxford Group Movement. By G. T. Lee, D. D. Augsburg Publishing House, Minneapolis, Minn. 15 pages, 6×9. Price, 10 cts.

The author of the first title is a pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran Church. The title is based upon the words in Luke 4. "He hath sent me to proclaim release to the captives." One might find fault with the extension of "release" to bondage of fear, sin, and self, whereas not sanctification, but regeneration is the message of the text. But we have more serious objections to the book. Even a superficial reading reveals the fact that the author has been influenced by the Oxford Group. We are informed that he attended a "house party" of the group in Canada and had interviews with Frank Buchman and other leaders. We do not recognize the Lutheran doctrine, but find a very considerable infusion of Buchmanism in Schiotz's description of the "surrender," pages 56-59, and particularly in his discussion of the "Quiet Time" (preferably part of the morning "spent in the presence of God"), some of the instructions being undiluted Buchmanism; and in the chapter on "Guidance." Typical sentences are: "To the person who begins the day by dedicating it to God it will not be unusual to have experiences of guidance at intervals through the day. They may come as a strong urgency to do or say something - and again to refrain from a certain action or speaking an idle word. Often circumstances will guide: God may open a door long closed. In other instances a door may close to prevent the action we purposed (p. 106). All that has been said in the CONCORDIA THEOLOGICAL MONTHLY in criticism of the Oxford Group's Quiet Time and Guidance applies to these chapters. They will, however, have their appeal through the wealth of spiritual experiences, of struggles with sin and obsessions of fear, in which these pages abound. The Christian concept of sin and grace, of repentance and justification, is fundamental to the book, and the Oxford Group elements appear like strange grafts on the tree of Lutheran pastoral theology.

The second title is a reprint of an article by Dr. Lee, editor of the Lu-

theran Herald, which appeared in the Theological Forum. It is a dispassionate criticism of the principles and practises of Buchmanism and emphasizes, in contrast to the dramatics of the Oxford Group and its enthusiast tendencies, the old Lutheran type of pastoral ministration. "We shall have to continue our work as before, instructing the children in home and in school, support our religious institutions, working perhaps slowly, but continually at the difficult task of character-building. There is nothing dramatic about this work; it does not receive much newspaper publicity, but it is God's way of building His kingdom."

In the conflicting attitude of Rev. Schiotz and Dr. Lee, both members of the same Lutheran body, there is a lesson for those especially in the Norwegian Lutheran Church who urge a union of all Lutherans because "we are all of the same faith anyway."

TH. GRAEBNER.

Luthers Chebuch. Was Martin Luther Chelojen, Cheleuten und Eltern ju fagen hat. Gin Buch jur Geschlechts: und Geschlechterfrage. Bon Julius Bohmer. Berlag und Drud von Johannes Herrmann, Zwidau. 1935. 310 Seiten 6×9. Preis, geheftet: M. 7; Leinenband: M. 8.

Die Berausgeber fchreiben mit Recht: "Alle Fragen, Die gufammenhangen mit Bevölferung, Rachwuchs, Erbfrantheiten, Bauernrecht, Arbeiterichaft, Sanbwerlers tum, bollifdem Befen, fteben jeht burchaus im Borbergrund. 200 aber fame bas alles beutlicher ans Licht, wo werben wichtigere Enticheibungen auf allen biefen Gebieten getroffen, wo offenbaren fich buntlere Rote, tiefere Bunben, grellere Schreie als ba, wo es um bas mannliche und weibliche Befchlecht, um bas gegen: feitige Berhaltnis ber Gefchlechter geht? 2Bas ber Renner langft weiß, Fachleute immer aufs neue bewundernd preifen: wo auch immer Luther fpricht, fpricht er gut und groß, bietet er Renes und Daggebenbes. Ginn und Bebeutung, Bahr: heit und Wert ber hier borgelegten, weit über 500 fürgeren ober langeren Quiher: fpruche gur Gefchlechts= und Gefchlechterfrage werben ben Lefern und Benutern bes Budes in einem langeren Borwort gu Erfenntnis und Berftanbnis gebracht. Es handelt fich um ein wegweifendes Sandbuch, eine mahre Fundgrube, ein Luther: wert bochften Ranges ju allem, was Cheloje, Cheleute, Eftern angeht." Dan ift es ja gewohnt, in ben Anzeigen ber Berausgeber viel Weihrauch gu finben; in biefem Fall aber ift bas Lob burchaus berechtigt. 2Bas bier geboten ift, ift einmal aus ber Erfahrung herborgegangen. Der Berfaffer ober Sammler fagt, bag es beruht auf "mehr benn vier Jahrgehnte mahrenber Mitarbeit an ben Berfen ber Sittlichfeitsbereine und Mitternachtsmiffionen, aus bort gehaltenen Bortragen und ftattgehabten Musiprachen". (S. 9.) Die Sauptfache im Buch find natürlich bie Eggerpte aus Luthers Schriften, bei benen gewöhnlich angegeben ift, aus weldem Jahre fie ftammen und welder Schrift Luthers fie entnommen find. Ber wollte nicht bem Sammler Dant wiffen für eine folche Bufammenftellung aus ben Schriften bes großen Reformators? Es ift mahr, Luther rebet oft berb und be: bient fich Musbrude, Die wir jest nicht gerne in ben Mund nehmen; aber nie ftellt er fich in ben Dienft ber bojen Luft. Wer Luther fennt, wird D. Bohmer recht geben, wenn er urteilt (S. 54 ber Ginführung): "Riemals war es Freube am Schmut und am Gemeinen, was ihn hier erfüllte und trieb, fonbern tiefe Bahrhaftigfeit, beilige Energie. Bas er für fchlecht, gemein, ungöttlich bielt, bezeichnete er mit fcmutigen Ramen; . . . aber nie berrat fich auf biefem Gebiet bie geringfte Sinnlichteit, feinerlei Spur bon Lufternheit (libido)." Gerabe bies jenigen, Die fich mit ben Lutherlafterungen eines Deniffe und Grifar auseinanbers

feben muffen, werben in ben einseitenben Ausführungen bes Autors treffliches-Material und fehr wertvolle hiftorische Erwägungen finden.

hier und ba tann man allerbings nicht umbin, ein Fragezeichen an ben Randju feten. Benn jum Beifpiel D. Bohmer nach feiner Befprechung ber Doppelebe Philipps bon Seffen ju bem Urteil tommt (S. 63 ber Ginführung): "Luthers Berhalten an biefer Stelle ift gewiß gu bebauern, aber in feinem Buntt ganglich ju berurteilen, wohl aber aus romifch-tatholifcher Bergangenheit ju berfteben und teilweife zu entichulbigen", fo fragt man fich, ob trog ber offenbaren Abficht, Buther möglichft in Schut zu nehmen, bas Urteil nicht boch etwas harter ausgefallen ift als notig. Ebenfo tonnten wir nicht umbin, uns gu fragen, ob biefer Sat wirflich berechtigt ift (S. 47 ber Ginführung): "In Luthers Auffaffung und Ausführungen bon ber Che hat freilich noch bis in feinen letten Erbentagen feine romifch= fatholifche und monchifch-mittelalterliche Bergangenheit nachgewirft." Doch braucht Diefe gelinde an Luther geubte Rritit uns nicht mit Borurteil gegen bies Buch gu erfüllen; fie ift im Gegenteil ein Beweis, bag ber Berfaffer fich bemuht, ju einer objeftib richtigen Beurteilung bon Luthers Stellung ju gelangen. Go fei benn bies Buch unfern Lefern angelegentlich empfohlen. B. Arnbt.

The Modern Flood Theory of Geology. By George McCready Price, M. A. Fleming H. Revell Company. 118 pages, 5×7½. Price, \$1.25. Order through Concordia Publishing House, St. Louis, Mo.

Here we have the latest volume from the pen of a man who has done yeoman's work in defending the truth of Scriptures concerning the universal flood against the vagaries of a science falsely so called. Those who have his books The New Geology and The Geological-ages Hoax will welcome this book with its brief, but clear exposition of the investigations made by the author and others in demonstrating that the account of the Flood, as given in Genesis, is in full agreement with the story of that great catastrophe as written in the rocks in various parts of the world. There is a statement in the introduction which will well set forth the object of the book: "To those who have stood loyally by the primal orthodoxy of Christianity regarding the Flood and a literal creation it should now be a matter of satisfaction that the scientific answer to evolutionism has at last been found and that the Flood theory is now in a position of such scientific reasonableness that it enables all to accept the early chapters of Holy Scriptures at their full face value, just as the Christian Church used to believe them. The one simple postulate that there was a universal flood clears up beautifully every major problem in the supposed conflict between modern science and modern Christianity. Reasonable men who are searching for ultimate truth will not ask for anything more." (P. 6.) The entire book is very fascinatingly written and affords excellent apologetic material. P. E. KRETZMANN.

Doran's Ministers' Manual, 1936. By Rev. G. B. F. Hallock, M. A., D. D. Harper & Brothers, Publishers, New York. 638 pages, 5\% \times 8\%. Price, \\$2.00.

This book of over 600 pages furnishes such homiletical helps as we have been furnishing our preachers in the Concordia Pulpit and by formerly publishing the Homiletic Magazine, which a few years ago was

merged into the Concordia Theological Monthly, in which publication we print a series of outlines for successive Sundays and festivals of the church-year and for special occasions. Every preacher needs homiletic material and suggestions in the form of commentaries, sermons, model sermon outlines, good illustrations, pertinent historic facts, etc. But is it wise to furnish ready-made sermon outlines, often well filled out with sermon material, for every Sunday and festival in the church-year? Would it not be better to furnish text studies on a series of texts, as we also have been doing at times, and a comparatively small number of outlines which in every respect are models from a homiletic viewpoint? This might well be supplemented by occasional articles on the various phases of the art of sermonizing. After all, a preacher should make his own sermon outlines after a thorough study of the text, which includes of course the study of the original, the context, parallel passages, and of commentaries. A preacher who relies altogether or to a great extent on sermon helps cannot do justice to his pulpit work. The congregation suffers as a result.

Those of course who furnish sermon helps for the preacher do not intend that these should be a substitute for serious and painstaking work on the part of the preacher himself. We are pleased to read that the compiler of Doran's Ministers' Manual calls attention to this fact in his foreword. He says: "The primary purpose of this book is, as Mr. Spurgeon so aptly said of his Scrmon Notes, 'a little priming to stimulate the wells of thought.' The book is not for one moment intended to take the place of any minister's own thinking, but, on the contrary, to promote it. Every page aims to be a challenge to more extended study and thought. The whole work is intended to be germinal, suggestive, illuminative, inspirational, a stimulus to creative reflection, each section a starting-point from which one can build bigger thoughts and better sermons. At the same time it seeks to supply an expert research service of the same character as that enjoyed by other professions."

We cannot agree with the compiler of *Doran's Ministers' Manual* when he says: "The publication has no denominational bias, but has been prepared for interdenominational use." Preaching should have a confessional character, that is, it should be distinctive of the church-body which the preacher represents. Preachers who make their sermons merely along the broad lines of so-called Fundamentalism and preach sermons which could well be preached in the pulpit of any Christian church denomination are not faithful to their calling. The preaching of a Lutheran preacher should be distinctively Lutheran. By avoiding the confessional character of preaching *Doran's Ministers' Manual* is promoting that doctrinal indifferentism of which we have so much in our day.

While the compiler of the Manual under consideration avoids what he calls "denominational bias," he does not hesitate to give such secret orders as the Odd-Fellows and the Freemasons a place in his book and in the pulpits for which his book has been written. He speaks approvingly of the religion of these secret societies, which, as we know, is not at all Christian.

Nor can we approve the selection, as a rule, of short texts for sermons; for they do not furnish sufficient sermon material. The preacher who

preaches on short texts bases his sermon on dogmatics instead of exegesis or preaches his own ideas. What is a preacher going to do with such a text for an evening sermon as "He made as though He would go further," p. 110; or with such a text for a morning sermon as "Behold My hands," p. 350; or with such a text for Palm Sunday as "A colt, the foal of an ass," p. 143; or, instead of the glorious Easter-message, with such a text for Easter as, "Simon Peter said unto him, Lord, whither goest Thou? Jesus answered him, Whither I go thou canst not follow Me now; but thou shalt follow Me afterwards," p. 152?

It took a large amount of painstaking labor to collect the large variety of material for the more than 600 pages of this book; but, after all, it is not a book which we can recommend to Lutheran pastors.

J. H. C. FRITZ.

Jonah. Six Meditations Broadcast over WTMJ, the Milwaukee Journal Station, by Pastor Philipp Lange. Published by the Lutheran Radio Committee, Milwaukee, Wis., 1935. 24 pages, 6×9.

These meditations are simple, Biblical, sound, without the flashiness of a great deal of radio oratory, but with a genuine appeal to all listeners and with the application of its truths to the lives of men to-day. We most heartly recommend the modest pamphlet to our readers.

P. E. KRETZMANN.

Elementary Bible History. Second Edition. Concordia Publishing House, St. Louis, Mo. 211 pages, 6×8½. Price, \$1.00.

This is the second edition of the Elementary Bible History, so well known in our circles, used in most of our schools and Sunday-schools. The chief change that has been made is in the formulation of the headings, standard headings having been supplied throughout; e.g., the heading of the first lesson has been changed from "How God Made All Things" to "The Creation. Part I.", the second story "The Creation. Part II." In the New Testament the story of the daughter of Jairus has been placed before the story of the young man of Nain, while the stories of the centurion of Capernaum and Zacchaeus have been placed in their proper chronological order. May God's blessing accompany also the second edition of this splendid book!

Lutheran Annual, 1936.

Amerikanischer Kalender fuer deutsche Lutheraner auf das Jahr 1936. — Concordia Publishing House, St. Louis. Price, each 15 cts.

It seems almost superfluous to announce these publications. For a pastor of our Synod the Annual (or Kalender) is absolutely indispensable; the roster of pastors and teachers, the names of the officials, the list of institutions of learning and of charity, the titles and the prices of the periodicals, the list of all the synods composing the Synodical Conference, Kieffer's "Statistics of the Religious Bodies in the United States," etc., etc.,—a pastor must refer to them so frequently that it is difficult to imagine how we could get along without them. It might be well, however, to point out that these publications are nearly as indispensable for the wide-awake church-member; and it may help to make others wide awake

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and active when they see how far-spread the great work is that their Synod is carrying on. The present edition again contains a list of Biblelessons selected for daily reading; it fills two pages (one sheet); which may be cut out and placed into the Bible and used for family devotion.

The reading-matter (twenty pages, different in the two editions) is interesting and instructive.

Time and effort spent in assuring these publications a wide distribu-THEO. HOYER. tion will pay both pastors and congregations.

Amtstalenber für evangelische Geiftliche 1936. In Rachfolge von 3oh. Sonels ber fortgeführt bon Paul Trofchte. 63. Jahrgang. Berlag bon C. Bertelsmann, Gutersloh. 258 Seiten 41/4 × 61/2, gebunben. Preis: M. 1.80. Dagu Formularheft für alle amtlichen Aufzeichnungen. 80 Seis ten. Preis: 30 Pf.

Dies ift ber ichon öfters empfohlene, gut ausgestattete und praftifche Amts: und Tafchentalenber, ber außer bem Ralenbarium und Raum für allerlei Rotigen für jeben Tag immer auch firchen- und weltgefchichtliche Gebenttage anmertt und einen Gebentfpruch nennt, ber oft mit wenig Borten viel fagt, jum Beifpiel bas Bort bon Bidern: "Ich febe erft, wie arm ich bin, wenn ich ans Predigen gebe"; ober ber Cat bon Silty: "Riemand ift mahr, als wer feine Gunde befennt"; ober ber Gebante bon Jean Paul: "Berachtlich ift eine Frau, bie Langeweile haben fann, wenn fie Rinder hat." Der Ralender ift hauptfachlich für beutiche Berhalt: niffe eingerichtet, fann aber febr wohl in jebem Lanbe gebraucht werben.

Q. Fürbringer.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

From Wm. B. Eerdmans Publishing Company, Grand Rapids, Mich .: -Laughing Gods. By H. Vernor Dixon. 344 pages, 5×71/2. Price, \$2,50.

Lifting the Latch to God's Book House. By C. D. Wendel. 122 pages, 5×71/2. Price, \$1:00.

From Fleming H. Revell Company, New York, London, and Edinburgh: -Prayer and the Bible. By S. D. Gordon. 126 pages, 5×71/2. Price, \$1.00.

Live Coals. By Hugh Redwood. 127 pages, 5×71/2. Price, \$1.00.

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